

5-1

$$1) \because 1 \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} ; e^{-t} \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+1}$$

$$\therefore 1 - e^{-t} \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+1} = \frac{1}{s(s+1)} \quad \text{Re}[s] > 0$$

$$13) \because 3 \sin t \leftrightarrow \frac{3}{s^2+1} ; 2 \cos t \leftrightarrow \frac{2s}{s^2+1}$$

$$\therefore 3 \sin t + 2 \cos t \leftrightarrow \frac{2s+3}{s^2+1} \quad \text{Re}[s] > 0$$

$$18) \because f(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} \quad \text{Re}[s] > -\infty \quad e^{-t} \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+1} ; \text{Re}[s] > -1$$

$$\therefore 2f(t) - e^{-t} \leftrightarrow \frac{2s+1}{s+1} \quad \text{Re}[s] > -1$$

5-2

$$(a) \text{ 由圖知 } f(t) = g_3(t - \frac{3}{2}) + g_1(t - \frac{1}{2} - 1)$$

$$\therefore g_1(t - \frac{1}{2}) \leftrightarrow \frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s}$$

$$\therefore g_3(t - \frac{3}{2}) \leftrightarrow \frac{1 - e^{-3s}}{s} \quad g_1(t - \frac{1}{2}) \leftrightarrow \frac{1 - e^{-s}}{s}$$

$$\text{由時移特性得 } g_1(t - \frac{1}{2} - 1) \leftrightarrow \frac{(1 - e^{-s})e^{-s}}{s}$$

$$\therefore f(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1 - e^{-3s}}{s} + \frac{(1 - e^{-s})e^{-s}}{s} = \frac{1 - e^{-3s} - e^{-s} - e^{-2s}}{s} \quad \text{Re}[s] > -\infty$$

$$(f) \because \sin(\pi t) e^{t-1} \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$f(t) = \sin(\pi t) [e^{t-1} - e^{(t-1)-1}] = \sin(\pi t) e^{t-1} + \sin(\pi(t-1)) e^{t-1}$$

$$\therefore \sin(\pi(t-1)) e^{t-1} \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi e^{-s}}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$\therefore f(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2} + \frac{\pi e^{-s}}{s^2 + \pi^2} = \frac{\pi + \pi e^{-s}}{s^2 + \pi^2} \quad \text{Re}[s] > 0$$

5.3

$$(1) \because e^{-t} \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+1}; e^{-(t-2)} \epsilon(t-2) \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-2s}}{s+1}$$

$$\therefore e^{-t} \epsilon(t) - e^{-(t-2)} \epsilon(t-2) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{e^{-2s}}{s+1} = \frac{1-e^{-2s}}{s+1}$$

$$(3) \because \sin(\pi t) \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$\sin(\pi t) \epsilon(t-1) = -\sin[\pi(t-1)] \epsilon(t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{-\pi e^{-s}}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$\therefore \sin(\pi t) [\epsilon(t) - \epsilon(t-1)] \leftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2} - \left( \frac{-\pi e^{-s}}{s^2 + \pi^2} \right) = \frac{\pi + \pi e^{-s}}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$(5) \because f(t) \leftrightarrow 1 \quad \therefore f(t-2) \leftrightarrow e^{-2s}$$

$$\therefore f(4t-2) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{4} e^{-\frac{s}{2}}$$

$$(7) \sin\left(2t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \epsilon(t) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin 2t - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos 2t\right) \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{2}{s^2 + 4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{s}{s^2 + 4} = \frac{2-s}{\sqrt{2}(s^2 + 4)}$$

$$(9) \int_0^t \sin(\pi x) dx \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2} + \frac{1}{s} = \frac{\pi}{s(s^2 + \pi^2)}$$

$$(11) \frac{d^2 [\sin(\pi t) \epsilon(t)]}{dt^2} \leftrightarrow s^2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2} = \frac{s^2 \pi}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$(13) \because \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s} \quad \therefore e^{-2t} \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$\therefore t e^{-2t} \epsilon(t) = (-t)^2 e^{-2t} \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{d^2 \left( \frac{1}{s+2} \right)}{ds^2} = \frac{2}{(s+2)^3}$$

$$(15) \because e^{-t} \epsilon(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s+1} \quad \therefore e^{-(t-1)} \epsilon(t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-s}}{s+1} \quad \therefore e^{-(t-3)} \epsilon(t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-s+2}}{s+1}$$

$$\therefore -t e^{-(t-3)} \epsilon(t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{d \left( \frac{e^{-s+2}}{s+1} \right)}{ds} = \frac{-e^{-s+2} (s+2)}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$\therefore t e^{-(t-3)} \epsilon(t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-s+2} (s+2)}{(s+1)^2}$$

$$5.4 (2) \because f(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{s^2-s+1}$$

$$\therefore f(t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2-s+1} \quad \therefore f(2t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{s}{2}}}{\frac{s}{2}-\frac{s}{2}+1} = \frac{2e^{-\frac{s}{2}}}{s^2-2s+4}$$
$$\therefore e^{-st} \leftrightarrow 2e^{-\frac{(s+3)t}{2}} = \frac{2e^{-\frac{(s+3)t}{2}}}{(s+3)^2-2(s+3)+4} = \frac{2e^{-\frac{(s+3)t}{2}}}{s^2+4s+7}$$

$$(4) f(2t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-\frac{s}{2}}}{\frac{s}{2}-\frac{s}{2}+1} = \frac{2e^{-\frac{s}{2}}}{s^2-2s+4}$$

$$\therefore -tf(2t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{-(s^2+2s)e^{-\frac{s}{2}}}{(s^2-2s+4)^2}$$

$$\therefore tf(2t-1) \leftrightarrow \frac{(s^2+2s)e^{-\frac{s}{2}}}{(s^2-2s+4)^2}$$